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- (c) *Designations*. The Director of the NPC will determine which CO will review the employer's request for review.
- (d) Review on the record. The CO shall review the PWD solely on the basis upon which the PWD was made and after review may:
- (1) Affirm the PWD issued by the NPC; or
 - (2) Modify the PWD.
- (e) Request for review by BALCA. Any employer desiring review of a CO's decision on a PWD must make a written request for review of the determination by BALCA within 30 calendar days of the date of the decision of the CO. The CO must receive the written request for BALCA review no later than the 30th day after the date of its final determination including the date of the final determination.
- (1) The request for review, statements, briefs, and other submissions of the parties and amicus curiae must contain only legal arguments and only such evidence that was within the record upon which the decision on the PWD by the NPC was based.
- (2) The request for review must be in writing and addressed to the CO who made the determination. Upon receipt of a request for a review, the CO must immediately assemble an indexed appeal file in reverse chronological order, with the index on top followed by the most recent document.
- (3) The CO must send the Appeal File to the Office of Administrative Law Judges, Board of Alien Labor Certification Appeals, 800 K Street, NW., Suite 400-N, Washington, DC 20001-8002.
- (4) The BALCA shall handle appeals in accordance with §655.33.

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§655.15 Required pre-filing recruitment.

(a) Time of filing of application. An employer may not file an Application for Temporary Employment Certification before all of the pre-filing recruitment steps set forth in this section have been fully satisfied, except where specifically exempted from some or all of those requirements by these regulations or special procedures. Applications submitted not meeting this re-

quirement shall not be accepted for processing.

- (b) General attestation obligation. An employer must attest on the Application for Temporary Employment Certification to having performed all required steps of the recruitment process as specified in this section.
- (c) Retention of documentation. The employer filing the Application for Temporary Employment Certification must maintain documentation of its advertising and recruitment efforts, including prevailing wage determinations, as required in this subpart and be prepared, upon written request, to submit this documentation in response to an RFI from the CO prior to the CO rendering a Final Determination or in the event of a CO-directed audit examination. The documentation required in this section must be retained by the employer for a period of no less than 3 years from the date of the certification.
- (d) Recruitment steps. An employer filing an application must:
- (1) Obtain a prevailing wage determination from the NPC in accordance with procedures in §655.10;
- (2) Submit a job order to the SWA serving the area of intended employment:
- (3) Publish two print advertisements (one of which must be on a Sunday, except as provided in paragraph (f)(4) of this section); and
- (4) Where the employer is a party to a collective bargaining agreement governing the job classification that is the subject of the H-2B labor certification application, the employer must formally contact the local union that is party to the collective bargaining agreement as a recruitment source for able, willing, qualified, and available U.S. workers.
- (e) Job order. (1) The employer must place an active job order with the SWA serving the area of intended employment no more than 120 calendar days before the employer's date of need for H-2B workers, identifying it as a job order to be placed in connection with a future application for H-2B workers. Unless otherwise directed by the CO, the SWA must keep the job order open for a period of not less than 10 calendar days. Documentation of this step shall

be satisfied by maintaining a copy of the SWA job order downloaded from the SWA Internet job listing site, a copy of the job order provided by the SWA, or other proof of publication from the SWA containing the text of the job order and the start and end dates of posting. If the job opportunity contains multiple work locations within the same area of intended employment and the area of intended employment is found in more than one State, the employer shall place a job order with the SWA having jurisdiction over the place where the work has been identified to begin. Upon placing a job order, the SWA receiving the job order under this paragraph shall promptly transmit, on behalf of the employer, a copy of the active job order to all States listed in the application as anticipated worksites.

- (2) The job order submitted by the employer to the SWA must satisfy all the requirements for newspaper advertisements contained in §655.17.
- (f) Newspaper advertisements. (1) During the period of time that the job order is being circulated for intrastate clearance by the SWA under paragraph (e) of this section, the employer must publish an advertisement on 2 separate days, which may be consecutive, one of which must be a Sunday advertisement (except as provided in paragraph (f)(2) of this section), in a newspaper of general circulation serving the area of intended employment that has a reasonable distribution and is appropriate to the occupation and the workers likely to apply for the job opportunity. Both newspaper advertisements must be published only after the job order is placed for active recruitment by the SWA.
- (2) If the job opportunity is located in a rural area that does not have a newspaper with a Sunday edition, the employer must, in place of a Sunday edition advertisement, advertise in the regularly published daily edition with the widest circulation in the area of intended employment.
- (3) The newspaper advertisements must satisfy the requirements contained in §655.17. The employer must maintain copies of newspaper pages (with date of publication and full copy of advertisement), or tear sheets of the

pages of the publication in which the advertisements appeared, or other proof of publication containing the text of the printed advertisements and the dates of publication furnished by the newspaper.

(4) If a professional, trade or ethnic publication is more appropriate for the occupation and the workers likely to apply for the job opportunity than a general circulation newspaper, and is the most likely source to bring responses from able, willing, qualified, and available U.S. workers, then the employer may use a professional, trade or ethnic publication in place of one of the newspaper advertisements, but may not replace the Sunday advertisement (or the substitute permitted by paragraph (f)(2) of this section).

(g) Labor organizations. During the period of time that the job order is being circulated for intrastate clearance by the SWA under paragraph (e) of this section, an employer that is already a party to a collective bargaining agreement governing the job classification that is the subject of the H-2B labor certification application must formally contact by U.S. Mail or other effective means the local union that is party to the collective bargaining agreement. An employer governed by this paragraph must maintain dated logs demonstrating that such organizations were contacted and notified of the position openings and whether they referred qualified U.S. worker(s), including number of referrals, or were non-responsive to the employer's request.

(h) Layoff. If there has been a layoff of U.S. workers by the applicant employer in the occupation in the area of intended employment within 120 days of the first date on which an H-2B worker is needed as indicated on the submitted Application for Temporary Employment Certification, the employer must document it has notified or will notify each laid-off worker of the job opportunity involved in the application and has considered or will consider each laid-off worker who expresses interest in the opportunity, and the result of the notification and consideration.

(i) Referral of U.S. workers. SWAs may only refer for employment individuals for whom they have verified identity

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and employment authorization through the process for employment verification of all workers that is established by INA sec. 274A(b). SWAs must provide documentation certifying the employment verification that satisfies the standards of INA sec. 274A(a)(5) and its implementing regulations at 8 CFR 274a.6.

- (j) Recruitment report. (1) No fewer than 2 calendar days after the last date on which the job order was posted and no fewer than 5 calendar days after the date on which the last newspaper or journal advertisement appeared, the employer must prepare, sign, and date a written recruitment report. The employer may not submit the H-2B application until the recruitment report is completed. The recruitment report must be submitted to the NPC with the application. The employer must retain a copy of the recruitment report for a period of 3 years.
 - (2) The recruitment report must:
- (i) Identify each recruitment source by name;
- (ii) State the name and contact information of each U.S. worker who applied or was referred to the job opportunity up to the date of the preparation of the recruitment report, and the disposition of each worker, including any applicable laid-off workers;
- (iii) If applicable, explain the lawful job-related reason(s) for not hiring any U.S. workers who applied or were referred to the position.
- (3) The employer must retain résumés (if available) of, and evidence of contact with (which may be in the form of an attestation), each U.S. worker who applied or was referred to the job opportunity. Such résumés and evidence of contact must be retained along with the recruitment report for a period of no less than 3 years, and must be provided in response to an RFI or in the event of an audit or an investigation.

$\S 655.17$ Advertising requirements.

All advertising conducted to satisfy the required recruitment steps under §655.15 before filing the *Application for Temporary Employment Certification* must meet the requirements set forth in this section and must contain terms and conditions of employment which

are not less favorable than those to be offered to the H-2B workers. All advertising must contain the following information:

- (a) The employer's name and appropriate contact information for applicants to send résumés directly to the employer;
- (b) The geographic area of employment with enough specificity to apprise applicants of any travel requirements and where applicants will likely have to reside to perform the services or labor:
- (c) If transportation to the worksite(s) will be provided by the employer, the advertising must say so;
- (d) A description of the job opportunity (including the job duties) for which labor certification is sought with sufficient detail to apprise applicants of services or labor to be performed and the duration of the job opportunity;
- (e) The job opportunity's minimum education and experience requirements and whether or not on-the-job training will be available;
- (f) The work hours and days, expected start and end dates of employment, and whether or not overtime will be available;
- (g) The wage offer, or in the event that there are multiple wage offers, the range of applicable wage offers, each of which must not be less than the highest of the prevailing wage, the Federal minimum wage, State minimum wage, or local minimum wage applicable throughout the duration of the certified H-2B employment; and
- (h) That the position is temporary and the total number of job openings the employer intends to fill.

§§ 655.18-655.19 [Reserved]

§ 655.20 Applications for temporary employment certification.

(a) Application filing requirements. An employer who desires to apply for labor certification of temporary employment for one or more nonimmigrant foreign positions must file a completed Application for Temporary Employment Certification form, and a copy of the recruitment report completed in accordance with §655.15(j).